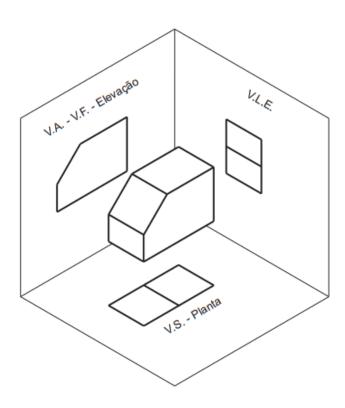
# Projeção Ortográfica

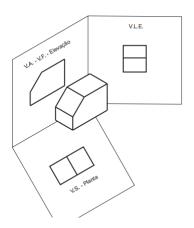


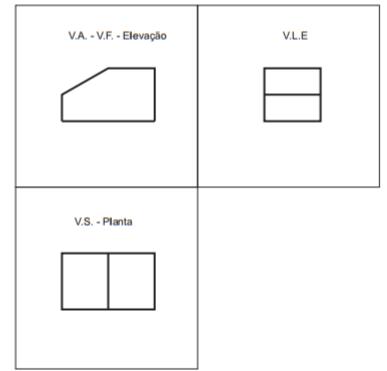
Aula 06 Desenho

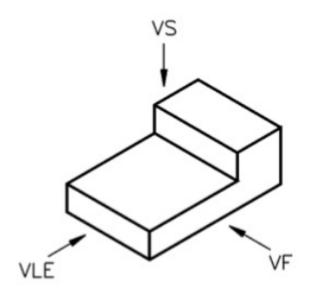


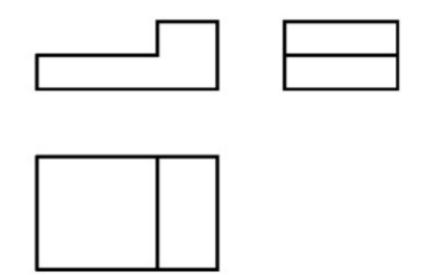
V.A = Vista Anterior



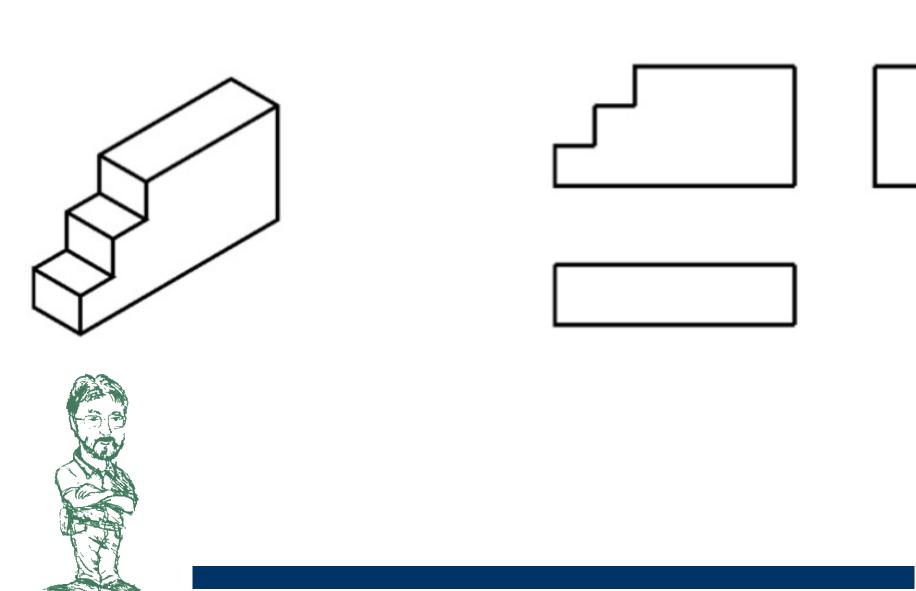




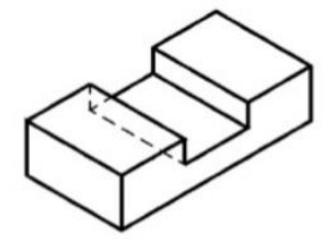


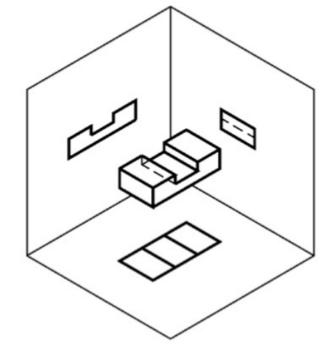


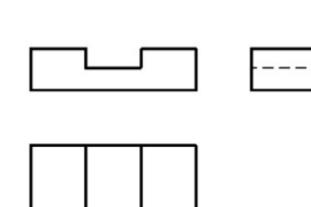




# Linha tracejada

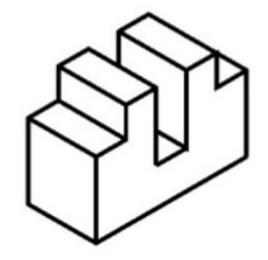


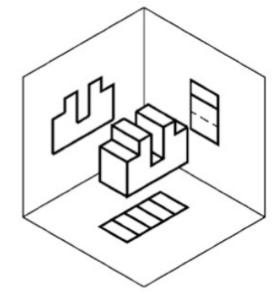


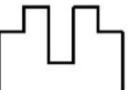




### Linha tracejada estreita







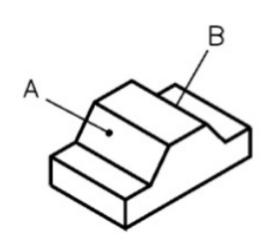




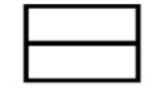




### Elementos paralelos e oblíquos



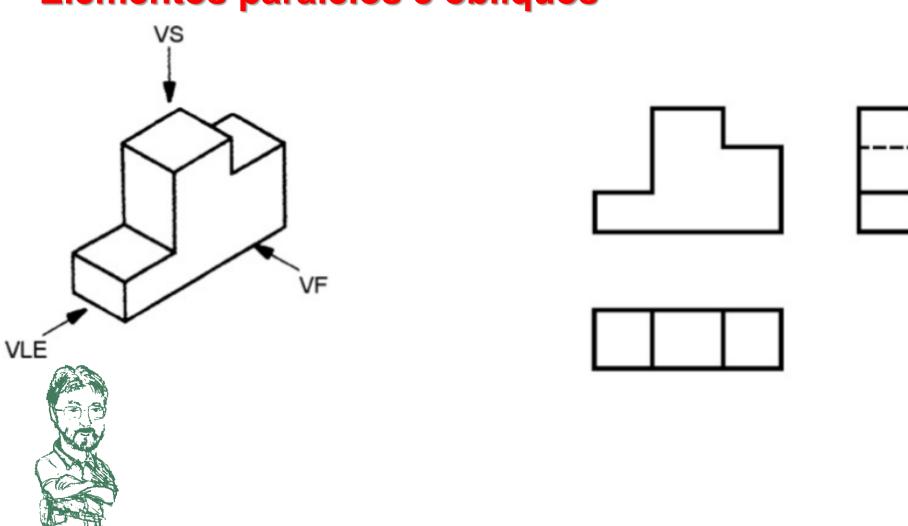




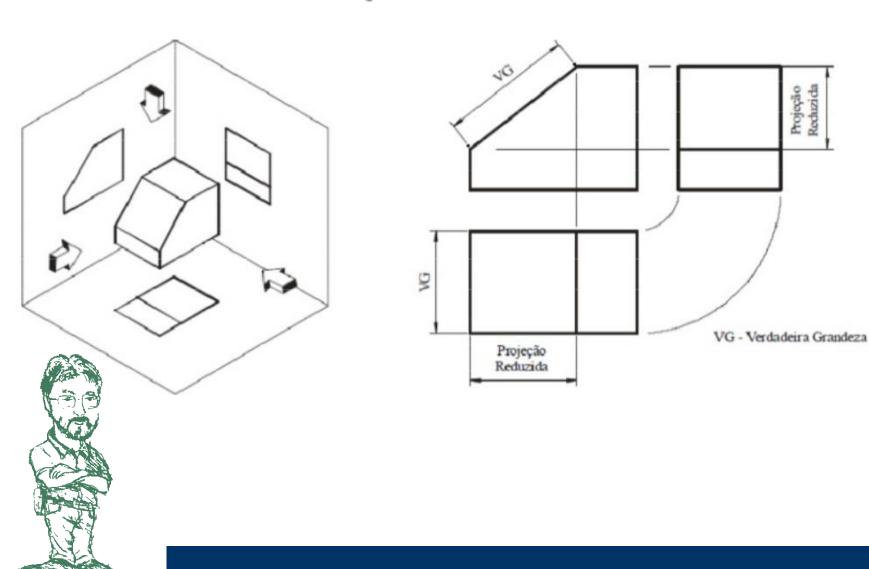




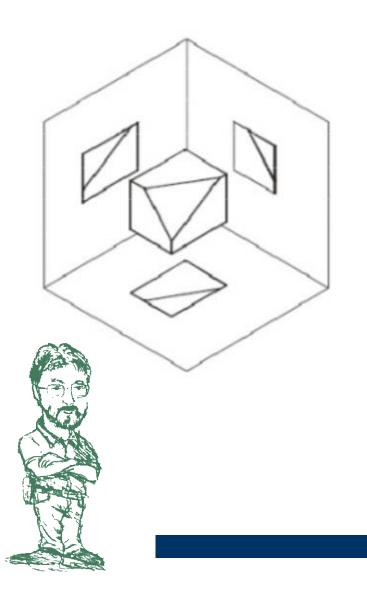
### Elementos paralelos e oblíquos

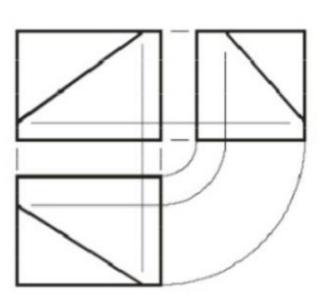


### Elementos com superfícies inclinadas

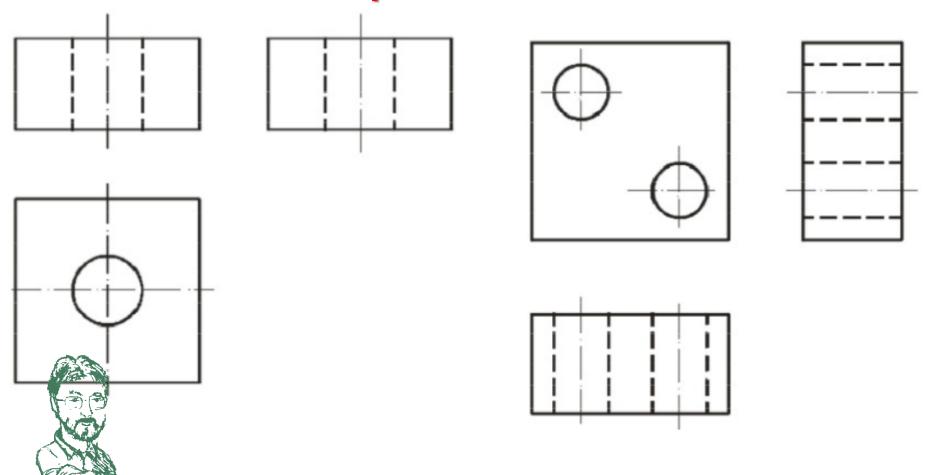


### superfícies inclinadas nos três planos

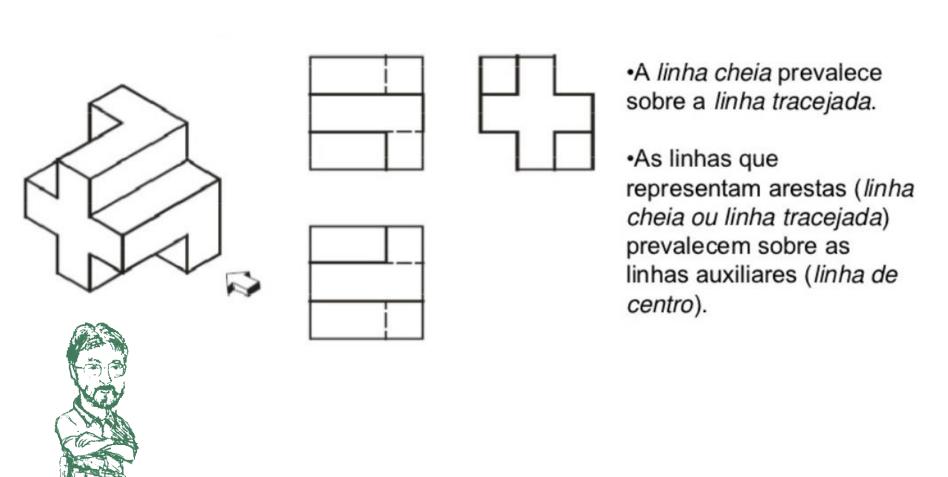




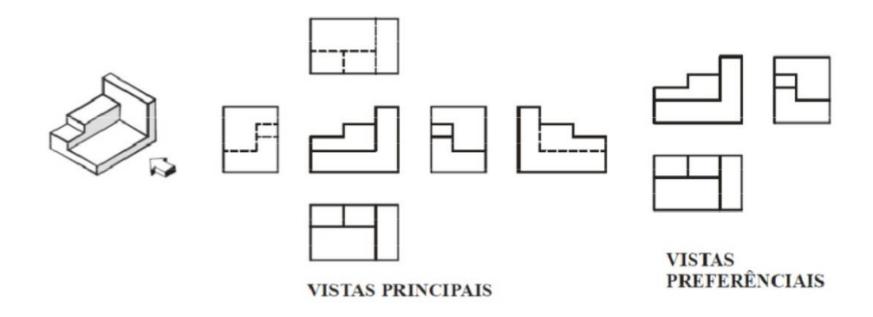
## Elementos com superfícies curvas



#### Elementos com arestas coincidentes



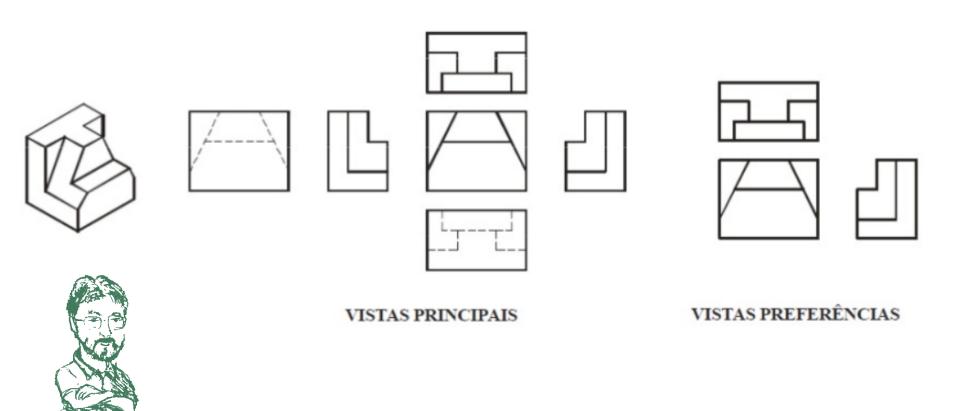
#### Escolha das vistas



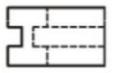
Considerando como frente a direção indicada, as três vistas preferenciais do 1º diedro são suficientes para representar o objeto.

As outras três vistas, além de apresentarem partes ocultas, são desnecessárias na definição da forma do objeto.

#### **Escolha das vistas**

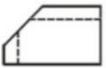


### 1º Diedro





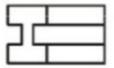












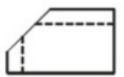




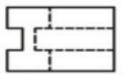




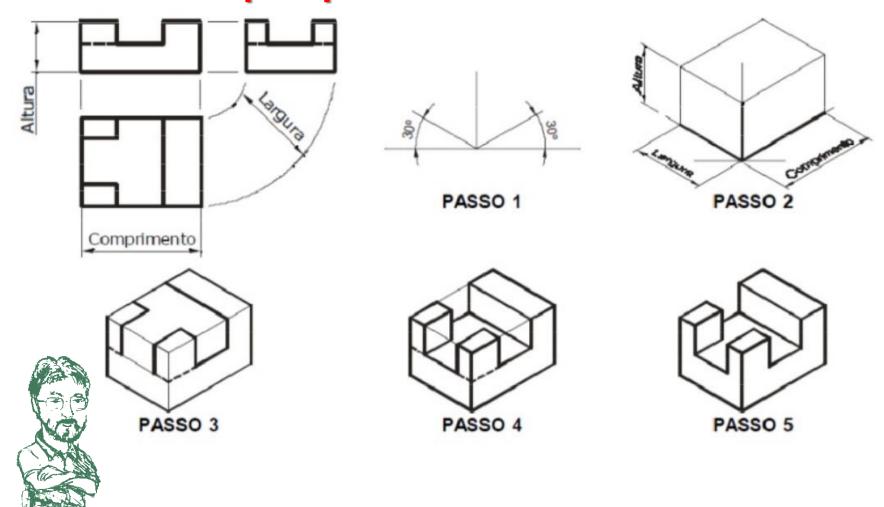




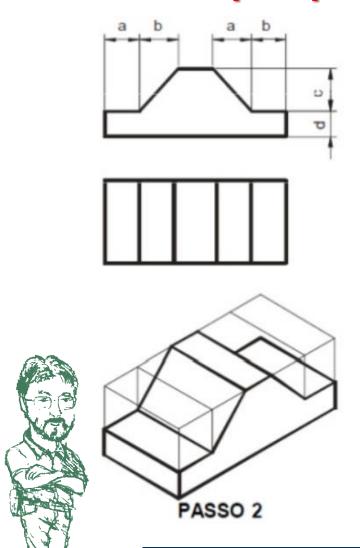


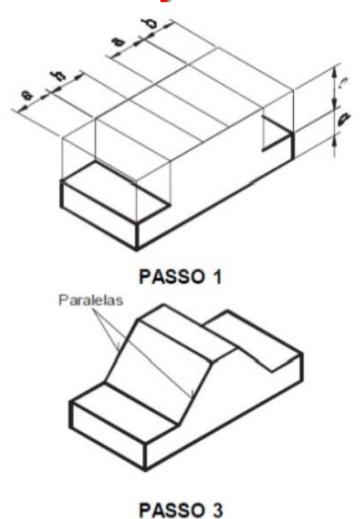


### Desenho de perspectiva

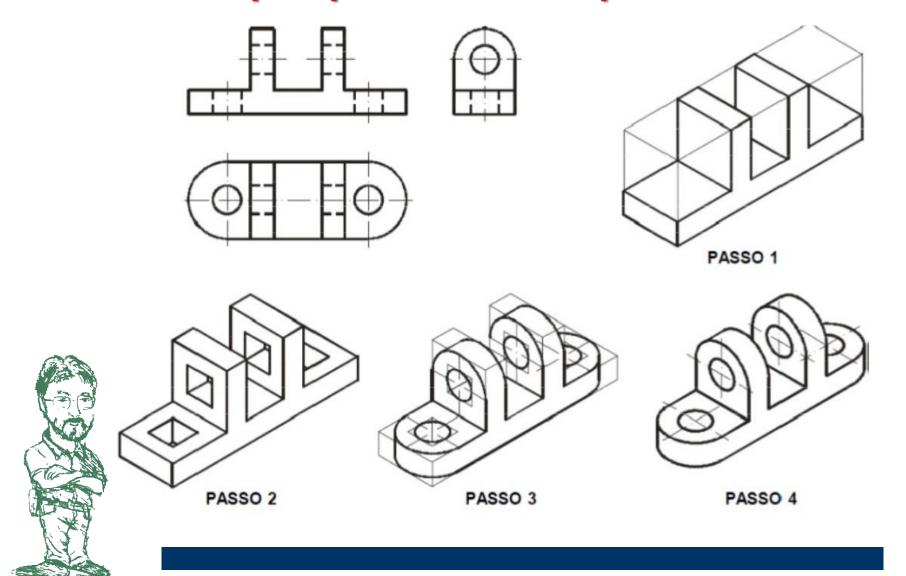


### Desenho de perspectiva com inclinações

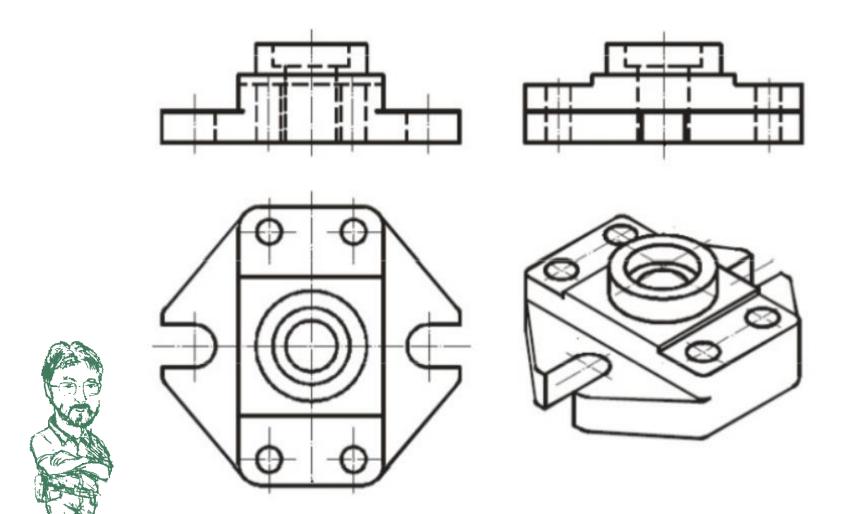




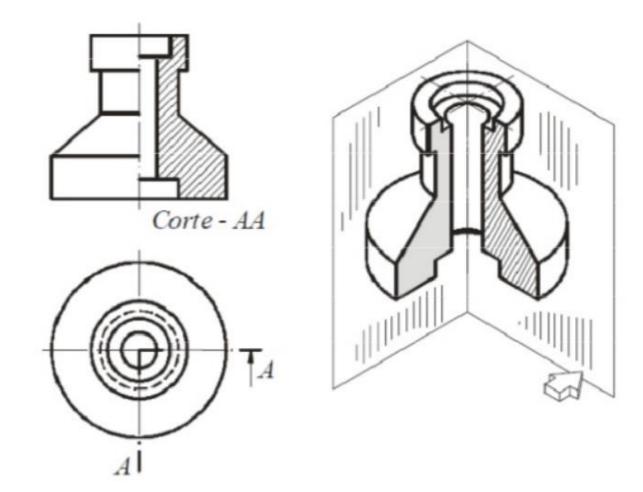
## Desenho de perspectiva com superfícies curvas



### **Desenho em corte**

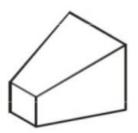


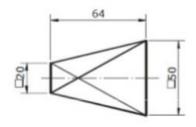
#### Desenho em meio corte



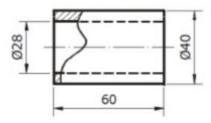


### Elementos representados por uma única vista



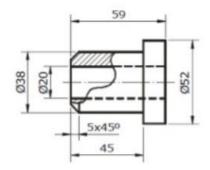












### Elementos representados por uma única vista

